

Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists





# Newsletter 16: January 09

# **Happy New Year!**

As UKOSS reaches its fourth birthday, we thought it might be time to reflect on your achievements and thank you all once again for your vital contributions.

- 226 hospitals participating
- 17 conditions studied
- 8 studies completed:
  - antenatal pulmonary embolism
  - peripartum hysterectomy
  - eclampsia
  - acute fatty liver of pregnancy
  - tuberculosis
  - gastroschisis
  - FMAIT
  - obesity
- 5 study results published (see www.npeu.ox.ac.uk/ukoss)
- 5954 women studied
- Provided UK denominator information for CEMACH Saving Mothers' Lives report
- 45% reduction in UK eclampsia rate demonstrated
- Association of peripartum hysterectomy with previous delivery by caesarean section confirmed
- Effectiveness of guidelines for antenatal thromboprophylaxis investigated
- Swansea diagnostic criteria for AFLP validated

## Case report summary for current studies to 23/12/08

Disorder	Actual number of reported cases	Data collection forms returned (%)	Number of confirmed cases	Expected number of confirmed cases
Amniotic fluid embolism	86	77 (90)	50	45
Antenatal stroke	38	25 (66)	13	72
Failed Intubation	28	16 (57)	15	42
Malaria	0	0 (NA)	0	4
Myocardial infarction	43	40 (93)	21	65
Non-renal solid organ transplant recipients	30	24 (80)	22	37
Pulmonary vascular disease	52	43 (83)	27	27
Renal transplant recipients	93	76 (82)	69	132
Therapies for peripartum haemorrhage	361	260 (72)	182	533

#### Thanks to the following hospitals who have returned cards for the last three months:

Aberdeen Maternity Hospital, Aberdeen Alexandra Hospital, Redditch Altnagalvin Area Hospital, Londonderry Antrim Hospital, Antrim Arrowe Park Hospital, Wirral Ayrshire Maternity Unit, Kilmamock Barnet and Chase Farm Hospitals NHS Trust, Enfield

Basildon Hospital, Basildon

Bassetlaw District General Hospital, Worksop

Bedford Hospital, Bedford

Birmingham City Hospital, Birmingham Birmingham Women's Hospital, Birmingham

Bradford Royal Infirmary, Bradford Bronglais Hospital, Aberystwyth

Burnley General Hospital, Burnley

Caithness General Hospital, Wick Calderdale Royal Hospital, Halifax

Causeway Hospital, Coleraine

Cheltenham General Hospital, Cheltenham

Chesterfield & North Derbyshire Royal Hospital, Chesterfield

Colchester General Hospital, Colchester Conquest Hospital, St Leonards-on-Sea Countess of Chester Hospital, Chester Craigavon Area Hospital, Portadown

Cumberland Infirmary, Carlisle Daisy Hill Hospital, Newry Darent Valley Hospital, Dartford

Darlington Memorial Hospital, Darlington

Darlington Memorial Hospital, Darlington
Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, Derby

Derriford Hospital, Plymouth

Dewsbury and District Hospital, Dewsbury Diana Princess of Wales Hospital, Grimsby

Dr Gray's Hospital, Elgin

Dumfries & Galloway Royal Infirmary, Dumfries

Ealing Hospital, London East Surrey Hospital, Redhill Epsom General Hospital, Epsom

Eme Hospital, Enniskillen Forth Park Hospital, Kirkcaldy Friarage Hospital, Northallerton

Furness General Hospital, Barrow-in-Furness

George Eliot Hospital, Nuneaton

Glan Clwyd District General Hospital, Rhyl Gloucestershire Royal Hospital, Gloucester

Good Hope Hospital, Sutton Coldfield Guy's and St Thomas' Hospital, London

Harrogate District Hospital, Harrogate Hereford County Hospital, Hereford

Hillingdon Hospital, Uxbridge

Hinchingbrooke Hospital, Huntingdon

Homerton Hospital, London Horton Hospital, Banbury

Hospital of St John and St Elizabeth, London

Hull Royal Infirmary, Hull Ipswich Hospital, Ipswich

James Cook University Hospital, Middlesbrough

James Paget Hospital, Great Yarmouth Jersey General Hospital, St Helier John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford

Kettering General Hospital, Kettering

King George Hospital, Ilford

King's Mill Hospital, Sutton in Ashfield Kingston Hospital, Kingston upon Thames

Lagan Valley Hospital, Lisbum Leeds General Infirmary, Leeds Lincoln County Hospital, Lincoln Liverpool Women's Hospital, Liverpool

Macclesfield District General Hospital, Macclesfield

Maidstone General Hospital, Maidstone

Manor Hospital, Walsall

Mayday University Hospital, Thornton Heath Medway Maritime Hospital, Gillingham Nevill Hall Hospital, Abergavenny

New Cross Hospital, Wolverhampton

Ninewells Hospital & Medical School, Dundee Nobles Hospital, Douglas

Norfolk & Norwich University Hospital, Norwich

North Devon District Hospital, Barnstaple North Manchester General Hospital, Manchester

North Middlesex Hospital, London

Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust, Nottingham

Pembury Hospital, Tunbridge Wells

Pilgrim Hospital, Boston

Pontefract General Infirmary, Pontefract
Prince Charles Hospital, Methyr Tydfil
Princess Alexandra Hospital, Harlow
Princess Elizabeth Hospital, St Martins

Princess of Wales Hospital, Bridgend

Princess Royal Hospital, Haywards Heath Princess Royal University Hospital, Orpington Queen Charlotte's and Chelsea Hospital, London

Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Gateshead Queen Elizabeth Hospital, Kings Lynn

Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother Hospital, Margate

Queen Mary's Hospital, Sidcup

Queen Mother's Hospital, Glasgow Queen's Hospital, Burton upon Trent

Raigmore Hospital, Inverness Rochdale Infirmary, Rochdale

Rotherham District General Hospital, Rotherham

Royal Blackburn Hospital, Blackburn Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital, Exeter

Royal Glamorgan Hospital, Llantristant Royal Hampshire County Hospital, Winchester

Royal Jubilee Maternity Service, Belfast Royal Lancaster Infirmary, Lancaster

Royal Shrewsbury Hospital, Shrewsbury Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford

Royal United Hospital, Bath

Royal Victoria Infirmary, Newcastle-upon-Tyne

Russells Hall Hospital, Dudley Salisbury District Hospital, Salisbury

Sandwell District General Hospital, West Bromwich

Scarborough Hospital, Scarborough Scunthorpe General Hospital, Scunthorpe Simpson Centre for Reproductive Health, Edinburgh

Singleton Hospital, Swansea Solihull Hospital, Solihull

South Tyneside District Hospital, South Shields

Southend Hospital, Westoliff-on-Sea Southern General Hospital, Glasgow Southmead Hospital, Bristol

Southport & Ormskirk Hospital NHS Trust, Ormskirk

St James's University Hospital, Leeds St John's Unit at Howden, Livingston

St John's Unit at Howden, Livingst St Mary's Hospital, Newport

St Mary's Hospital, Portsmouth St Michael's Hospital, Bristol

St Michael's Hospital, Bristol
St Richard's Hospital, Chichester
Stirling Royal Infirmary, Stirling

Stoke Mandeville Hospital, Aylesbury

Tameside General Hospital, Ashton-under-Lyne Taunton and Somerset Hospital, Taunton

The Great Western Hospital, Swindon

Torbay Hospital, Torquay Trafford General Hospital, Manchester

University College Hospital, London University Hospital of Coventry & Warwickshire, Coventry

University Hospital of North Staffordshire, Stoke on Trent

University Hospital of North Tees, Stockton-on-Tees

University Hospital of Wales, Cardiff Victoria Hospital, Blackpool

Wansbeck General Hospital, Ashington

Warrington Hospital, Warrington Warwick Hospital, Warwick

West Cumberland Hospital, Whitehaven West Middlesex University Hospital, Isleworth

West Suffolk Hospital, Bury St Edmunds West Wales General Hospital, Carmarthen

Western Isles Hospital, Stornaway Wexham Park Hospital, Slough

Whipps Cross University Trust Hospital, London

Whittington Hospital, London William Harvey Hospital, Ashford Withybush Hospital, Haverfordwest

Worcestershire Royal Hospital, Worcester

Worthing Hospital, Worthing

Wrexham Maelor Hospital, Wrexham Wycombe General Hospital, High Wycombe

Wythenshawe Hospital, Manchester

Yeovil Women's Hospital, Yeovil Ysbyty Gwynedd District General Hospital,

Ysbyty Gwynedd District General Hospital Bangor Airedale General Hospital, Keighley

Barnet General Hospital, Barnet Barnsley District General Hospital, Barnsley

Birmingham Heartlands Hospital, Birmingham Borders General Hospital, Melrose

Chelsea & Westminster Hospital, London
City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Trust,

Sunderland

Doncaster Royal Infirmary, Doncaster Dorset County Hospital, Dorchester

Eastbourne District General Hospital, Eastbourne

Fairfield General Hospital, Bury King's College Hospital, London Leighton Hospital, Crewe

Lister Hospital, Stevenage Mater Infirmorum Hospital, Belfast

Milton Keynes General Hospital, Milton Keynes

Newham General Hospital, London

Northampton General Hospital, Northampton Peterborough Maternity Unit, Peterborough

Poole Hospital, Poole

Princess Anne Hospital, Southampton

Queen Elizabeth Hospital, London

Queen's Hospital, Romford Rosie Maternity Hospital, Cambridge

Royal Albert Edward Infirmary, Wigan

Royal Alexandra Hospital, Paisley Royal Bolton Hospital, Bolton

Royal Cornwall Hospital, Truro Royal Free Hospital, London

Royal Oldham Hospital, Oldham

Royal Sussex County Hospital, Brighton St John's Hospital, Chelmsford St Mary's Hospital, London

St Peter's Hospital, Chertsey Staffordshire General Hospital, Stafford

Stepping Hill Hospital, Stockport The Jessop Wing, Sheffield

Ulster Hospital, Belfast University Hospital Lewisham, London

University Hospital of North Durham, Durham Watford General Hospital, Watford

York Hospital, York Frimley Park Hospital, Camberley Hope Hospital, Manchester

Leicester General Hospital, Leicester Luton & Dunstable Hospital, Luton North Hampshire Hospital, Basingstoke

Northwick Park Hospital, Harrow Nottingham City Hospital, Nottingham

Queen Elizabeth II Hospital, Welwyn Garden City

Royal Berkshire Hospital, Reading St George's Hospital, London St Helier Hospital, Carshalton The Portland Hospital, London

Whiston Hospital, Prescot

Returned all three cards. Returned two cards. Returned one card.

## **New Study – Multiple Repeat Caesarean Section (MRCS)**

Data collection for the new multiple repeat caesarean section study will start on 1st January, and the condition will be listed for the first time on the blue card sent to you at the beginning of February. Folder documentation is enclosed with this newsletter.

#### **Background**

The incidence of primary caesarean section is rising throughout the world and the UK also demonstrates this trend¹. After having three lower segment caesareans women are advised to undergo repeated elective caesarean in any subsequent pregnancies, rather than attempt a vaginal delivery². This practice is thought to reduce the risk of uterine rupture which can be life-threatening for both mother and baby. All caesarean procedures however, have associated risks; venous thromboembolism and haemorrhage - which are leading causes of maternal mortality and morbidity.

Current knowledge concerning the maternal-fetal outcomes and management of multiple repeat caesarean is limited and mainly derived from hospital-based retrospective studies outside of the UK<sup>3-5</sup>. This study will determine the national incidence of multiple repeat caesarean section in the UK and identify the accompanying complications and their respective rates. It will allow comparison between the risks associated with multiple repeat caesarean and those described in fewer repeat procedures. It will also ascertain the current UK practice in such cases with regard to timing of elective caesarean and postnatal counselling for future pregnancies.

### **Study Objectives**

- To use the UK Obstetric Surveillance System to describe the current epidemiology of multiple repeat caesarean section in the UK.
- To use the results of this study to provide accurate information to counsel women about the risks of future pregnancies, and to enable appropriate future service planning.

#### **Case definition**

Any women giving birth to an infant via her **5**<sup>th</sup> **or more** elective or emergency caesarean section (i.e. who has previously undergone four or more other caesarean procedures).

### Investigators

Joanna Cook, Mandish Dhanjal, Floria Cheng, Sheba Jarvis, Queen Charlotte's and Chelsea Hospital, London.

### **Funding**

RCOG UKOSS Award from the Edgar Research Fellowship Fund.

#### References

- 1. Office for National Statistics. Caesarean deliveries in NHS hospitals (2004)
- 2. Birth after previous caesarean birth. Green top guidelines RCOG 2007
- 3. Khashoggi TY. Higher order multiple repeat caesarean sections: maternal and fetal outcome. Ann Saudi Med 2003; 23(5): 278-82
- Rashid M, Rashid RS. Higher order repeat caesarean sections: how safe are five or more? BJOG 2004;111(10):1090-4
- 5. Juntunen K, Makarainen L, Kirkinen P. Outcome after a high number (4-10) of repeated caesarean sections. BJOG 2004; 111(6): 561-395.



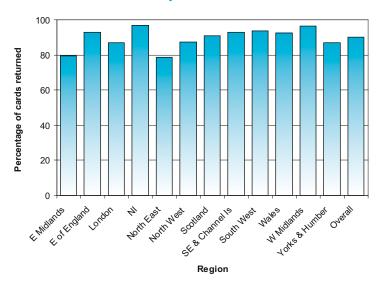
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## Important note – Control selection for the MRCS study

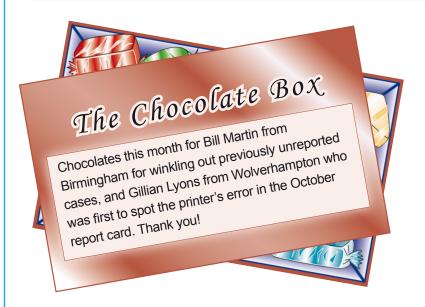
This is different to our usual control selection procedure. The controls should be the two women who deliver by elective caesarean section immediately before the case and who have already had at least one, but not more than three previous deliveries by caesarean section. Please get in touch before selecting your control women if you have any concerns about whom you should be choosing.

### **UKOSS Regional Card Return Rates**

**Card return rates September - November 2008** 



We think there are a few lost cards out there this quarter! Northern Ireland and the West Midlands have a tie for first place with six other areas very close behind. Unusually we are particularly missing cards from the East Midlands and the North East. If you think they may have got mixed up with the Christmas post somewhere, please email us your returns and we will enter them manually.



#### Please note:

The Pregnancy in Renal Transplant Recipients Study is extended for another year. Data collection will finish on 1st February 2010.

## British Paediatric Surveillance Unit (BPSU) Conference

The British Paediatric Surveillance Unit (BPSU) will be running a conference celebrating recent achievements on Tuesday 3rd March 2009 at the Royal Institute of British Architects, London. The conference will highlight recent achievements of the BPSU as the Unit enters its 24th year of surveillance and will include a talk on the BPSU/UKOSS FMAIT study.

Details on the conference are available at http://bpsu.inopsu.com/home/2009\_conference.htm.

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