

UK Obstetric Surveillance System

Placenta Accreta Study 04/10

Data Collection Form - CASE

Please report any woman delivering on or after the 1st May 2010 and before 1st May 2011.

Case Definition:

All pregnant women identified as having:

Either Placenta accreta/increta/percreta diagnosed histologically following

hysterectomy or postmortem

Or An abnormally adherent placenta, requiring active management, including

conservative approaches where the placenta is left in situ.

Excluded Women who have had a manual placental removal with minimal or moderate

difficulty but required no additional active management.

Please return the completed form to:

UKOSS

National Perinatal Epidemiology Unit

University of Oxford

Old Road Campus

Oxford

OX3 7LF

Fax: 01865 617775

Phone: 01865 289714

Case reported in:



Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists



Instructions

- 1. Please do not enter any personally identifiable information (e.g. name, address or hospital number) on this form.
- 2. Please record the ID number from the front of this form against the woman's name on the Clinician's Section of the blue card retained in the UKOSS folder.
- 3. Fill in the form using the information available in the woman's case notes.
- 4. Tick the boxes as appropriate. If you require any additional space to answer a question please use the space provided in section 7.
- 5. Please complete all dates in the format DD/MM/YY, and all times using the 24hr clock e.g. 18.37
- 6. If codes or examples are required, some lists (not exhaustive) are included on the back page of the form.
- 7. If the woman has not yet delivered, please complete the form as far as you are able, excluding delivery and outcome information, and return to the UKOSS Administrator. We will send these sections again for you to complete two weeks after the woman's expected date of delivery.
- 8. If you do not know the answers to some questions, please indicate this in section 7.
- 9. If you encounter any problems with completing the form please contact the UKOSS Administrator or use the space in section 7 to describe the problem.

Section 1: Woman's details			
1.1	Year of birth	YYYY	
1.2	Ethnic group ^{1*} (enter code, please see back cover for g	uuidance)	
1.3	Marital status	single married cohabiting	
1.4	Was the woman in paid employment at booking? If Yes, what is her occupation	Yes No	
	If No, what is her partner's (if any) occupation		
1.5	Height at booking	ст	
1.6	Weight at booking	kg	
1.7	Smoking status	never gave up prior to pregnancy current gave up during pregnancy	
Sec	ction 2: Previous Pregnancies		
2.1	Gravidity		
	Number of completed pregnancies beyond 24 weeks		
	Number of pregnancies less than 24 weeks If no previous pregnancies, please go to section 3		
2.2	Did the woman have any previous pregnancy proble If Yes, please specify	ms?²* Yes No	

2.3 Has the woman had any previous deliveries by caesarean section? Yes No						
				number in total		
				oreceding delivery by cae		Yes No
	PIE	ease	give details of	previous caesarean secti	1	Conviced diletation at
			Month/year	Indication for caesarean section	Type of incision (e.g. classical/LSCS)	Cervical dilatation at time of CS (cm)
		1	M M / Y Y			
		2	MM/YY			
		3	M M / Y Y			
		4	MM/YY			
		5	MM/YY			
Sec	tion	3: F	Previous Me	edical History		
Pleas	se indi	cate	whether any of	the following were prese	ent prior to pregnancy:	
3.1			or pre-existing please specify	g medical problems³*		Yes No
3.2	Has t	he v	voman had an	previous uterine surg	ery?	Yes No No
	If Yes, please specify type and number of operations					
	Myomectomy			Yes Number		
	If Yes, was the cavity breeched?			Yes No No		
	Dilatation and curettage			Yes Number		
	Surgical termination of pregnancy			Yes Number		
		Eva	cuation of retain	ned products of conception	on (ERPC)	Yes Number
		Mar	nual removal of	placenta		Yes Number
		Oth	er ⁴ *			Yes Number
				specify		
3.3			•	evious uterine perforation	1?	Yes No No
If Yes, was any treatment given?			Yes No			
		If Ye	es please speci	fy		J
Sec	tion	4: 1	This Pregna	ncy		
4.1	Final	Esti	imated Date of	Delivery (EDD)⁵*		DD/MM/YY
4.2	Date	of fi	rst booking vi	sit		D D / M M / Y Y
4.3	Was t	his	a multiple pre	gnancy?		Yes No
	If Y	es,	please specify	number of fetuses		
			Yes No			
	IT Y	res,	specify grade			

4.5	Was placenta accreta suspected prior to delivery?	Yes	No 🗌
	If Yes, how was this diagnosed? (please tick all that apply)		
	Ultrasound		
	MRI		
	If ultrasound, indicate below which features were recorded		
	Placental lacunae		
	Loss of clear space		
	Disruption of bladder/myometrial interface		
	Other		
	If Other, please specify		
	If MRI, please describe diagnostic features noted		
	Was gadolinium contrast enhancement used?	Yes	No _
	If Not suspected, how did the placenta accreta present?		
	Antepartum haemorrhage		
	Retained placenta		
	Uterine rupture		
	Other		
	If Other, please specify		
4.6	What was the planned mode of delivery? Vagina	I Caesai	rean 🗌
4.7	Were there other problems in this pregnancy?2*	Yes	No 🗌
	If Yes, please specify		
Sec	ction 5: Delivery and management of placenta accreta		
5.1	Did this woman have a miscarriage?	Yes	No 🗌
	If Yes, please specify date	DD/MM	/ Y Y
5.2	Did this woman have a termination of pregnancy?	Yes	No 🗌
5.2	If Yes, please specify date		
)	
5.3	Is this woman still undelivered?	Yes	No
	If Yes, will she be receiving the rest of her antenatal care from your hospital	? Yes	No
	If No, please indicate name of hospital providing future care		
	Will she be delivered at your hospital?	Yes	No 🗌
	If No, please indicate name of delivery hospital, then go to Section 7		
5.4	Was delivery induced?	Yes	No 🗌
	If Yes, please state indication		
	Was vaginal prostaglandin used?	Yes	No 🗌
	vvas vaginai prostagianum useu:	100	INO

5.6	Was delivery by caesarean section	1?			Yes No
	If Yes, please state:				
	Grade of urgency6*				
	'				
	Indication for caesarean section	n			
	Method of anaesthesia:			egional Gene	ral anaesthetic
	What was the position of the uteri	ne incisio	on?		
5.7	Was the placenta left in situ?				Yes No
	If Yes, was this			Comple	te Partial
	Was methotrexate used?				Yes No No
5.8	Was a hysterectomy performed?				Yes No
	If Yes, was this planned/anticipate	ed?			Yes No
	If Not planned/anticipated, w	hat was t	he indication for h	ysterectomy?	
	Was an attempt made to remove t	he place	nta prior to hystere	ectomy?	Yes No
	If Yes, was it removed	Easily	With difficult	y 🔲 Partial/atte	npt abandoned
	Was the hysterectomy			Total	Subtotal
	Date and time of hysterectomy			DD/MM/	Y Y h h : m m
	Was the uterus sent for pathologic	cal exami	nation?		Yes No No
	If Yes, what were the pathologi	cal findin	gs?		
5.9	Please indicate below all other the	rapies u	sed to prevent or	treat haemorrha	ge
	Please rank the Tick Therapies in the prophylaxis (P) or treatment of				
		Tick all that	therapies in the order in which	haemorr	
	Y A STATE OF THE S	apply	they were first	(P)	(T)
	Syntocinon infusion		used (1,2,3 etc)		(1)
	Ergometrine				
	Prostaglandin F2α				
	Recombinant activated factor VII				
	Artery embolisation/balloon tamponade				
	Uterine artery ligation				
	Internal iliac artery ligation				
	B-Lynch or other brace suture				
	Intra-abdominal packing				
	Intrauterine balloons				
	Other				
	If Other, please specify				
5.10	Estimated total blood loss (m/s)				

5.11 Did the woman refuse transfusion of blood products?	Yes No
If No, were blood products given?	Yes No
If Yes, please state total units given (enter zero if none given)	Total (units)
Whole blood or packed red cells	
Fresh Frozen Plasma (FFP)	
Platelets	
Cryoprecipitate	
Cell salvaged blood (mls)	
5.12 What was the final diagnosis after delivery? (please tick one)	
Placenta accreta	
Placenta increta	
Placenta percreta	
None of the above	
If None, please give final diagnosis	
Section 6: Outcomes	
Section 6a: Woman	
6a.1 Was the woman admitted to ITU/HDU?	Yes No
If Yes, duration of stay	days
Or Tick if woman is still in ITU/HDU	
Or Tick if woman was transferred to another hospital	
6a.2 Did any other major maternal morbidity occur?7*	Yes No
If Yes, please specify	
6a.3 If the woman was managed conservatively or hysterectomy was not	
performed, was the woman followed up to document complete resorption of the placenta?	Yes No
If Yes, was the placenta completely resorbed? Yes No	Not known
Date complete resorption documented	DD/MM/YY
6a.4 Did the woman die?	Yes No
If Yes, please specify date of death	DD/MM/YY
What was the primary cause of death as stated on the death certificate? (Please state if not known.)	
Was a post mortem examination undertaken?	Yes No
If Yes, did this confirm	
Placenta accreta	
Placenta increta	
Placenta percreta	
None of the above	
If None, please give postmortem diagnosis	

Section 6b: Infant 1
NB: If more than one infant, for each additional infant, please photocopy the infant section of the form (before filling it in) and attach extra sheet(s) or download additional forms from the website: www.npeu.ox.ac.uk/ukoss
6b.1 Date and time of delivery
6b.2 Mode of delivery Spontaneous vaginal Ventouse Lift-out forceps Rotational forceps Breech Pre-labour caesarean section Caesarean section after onset of labour
6b.3 Birthweight
6b.4 Sex of infant Male Female Indeterminate
6b.5 Was the infant stillborn? If Yes, please go to section 7.
6b.6 5 min Apgar
6b.7 Was the infant admitted to the neonatal unit? Yes No
6b.8 Did any other major infant complications occur?** If Yes, please specify
6b.9 Did this infant die If Yes, please specify date of death What was the primary cause of death as stated on the death certificate? (Please state if not known.)
Section 7: Please use this space to enter any other information you feel may be important
Section 8:
8.1 Name of person completing the form
8.2 Designation
8.3 Today's date
You may find it useful in the case of queries to keep a copy of this form.

Definitions

1. UK Census Coding for ethnic group

WHITE

01. British

02. Irish

03. Any other white background

MIXED

04. White and black Caribbean

05. White and black African

06. White and Asian

07. Any other mixed background

ASIAN OR ASIAN BRITISH

08. Indian

09. Pakistani

10. Bangladeshi

11. Any other Asian background

BLACK OR BLACK BRITISH

12. Caribbean

13. African

14. Any other black background

CHINESE OR OTHER ETHNIC GROUP

15. Chinese

16. Any other ethnic group

2. Previous or current pregnancy problems, including:

Pre-eclampsia (hypertension and proteinuria)

Eclampsia

Thrombotic event

Amniotic fluid embolism

3 or more miscarriages

Preterm birth or mid trimester loss

Neonatal death

Stillbirth

Baby with a major congenital abnormality

Small for gestational age (SGA) infant

Large for gestational age (LGA) infant

Infant requiring intensive care

Puerperal psychosis

Gestational diabetes

Significant placental abruption

Post-partum haemorrhage requiring transfusion

3. Previous or pre-existing maternal medical problems, including:

Essential hypertension

Cardiac disease (congenital or acquired)

Renal disease

Endocrine disorders e.g. hypo or hyperthyroidism

Psychiatric disorders

Haematological disorders e.g. sickle cell disease, diagnosed thrombophilia

Inflammatory disorders e.g. inflammatory bowel disease

Epilepsy

Diabetes

Autoimmune diseases

Cancer

HIV

4. Examples of other previous uterine surgery:

Endometrial resection/ablation

Septal resection

Polypectomy

5. Estimated date of delivery (EDD)

Use the best estimate (ultrasound scan or date of last menstrual period) based on a 40 week gestation

6. RCA/RCOG/CEMACH/CNST Classification for urgency of caesarean section:

- 1. Immediate threat to life of woman or fetus
- 2. Maternal or fetal compromise which is not immediately life-threatening
- Needing early delivery but no maternal or fetal compromise
- 4. At a time to suit the woman and maternity team

7. Major maternal medical complications, including:

Persistent vegetative state

Cerebrovascular accident

Pulmonary oedema

Mendleson's syndrome

Renal failure

Thrombotic event

Septicaemia

Required ventilation

8. Fetal/infant complications, including:

Respiratory distress syndrome

Intraventricular haemorrhage

Necrotising enterocolitis

Neonatal encephalopathy

Chronic lung disease

Severe jaundice requiring phototherapy

Major congenital anomaly

Severe infection e.g. septicaemia, meningitis

Exchange transfusion